

RE Overview

<u>RE Intent</u>

At St. Paul's we use the 'Surrey Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education in Surrey schools' (Surrey SACRE) by the Diocese of Guildford as our school curriculum. It provides a skill based, progressive curriculum that has been well considered and prepared for schools, with input from leaders of all faiths. The adopted RE curriculum is designed to be coherent, utilises multi-disciplinary skills and builds pupils' schemata, from EYFS to KS4. In addition, the syllabus helps pupils to understand their own and others' worldviews, religious and nonreligious, and appreciate the influences of these on everyday life.

The units of work outline substantive knowledge, ways of knowing (viewed through the multi-disciplinary 'lenses' of theology, sociology and philosophy) and personal knowledge, as well as key questions that might be asked to help shape the learning in different ways, and end of phase expectations. This supports the recommendations of Ofsted's RE Research Review.

Each unit begins with a **Big Question**, broken down into weekly **enquiry questions**, which will enable our pupils to gain an understanding, along with key knowledge and skills, to **reflect** on how people of other faith live, and where they themselves belong in the world. Pupils will have opportunities to **ask Big Questions** about our role as humans. We support our children in **enquiring** about wider theological and philosophical questions **to broaden** their knowledge on life's great wonders.

We would like our children to **express insight** into faith practices and develop their spirituality through windows, mirrors and doors. All of the units are linked by a 'golden thread': the concepts of God, Community and Identity – the 'multi-disciplinary lenses'.

This curriculum enables us to make our children aware of a wide range of religions and beliefs that exist within our society. It also includes non-denominational viewpoints such as Humanists through thematic topics such as 'Why is harvest a worldwide celebration?' and 'Where did it all begin?'



Implementation

In line with the Guildford Diocesan Guidelines, at St Paul's, our curriculum for RE aims to teach **inspirational lessons** where children **learn about religion**, which includes knowing about and understanding beliefs, teachings and sources; practices and ways of life; and ways of expressing meaning.

The sequence of units over the key stages are designed to be progressive, multi-disciplinary and coherent, and will ensure the children build on their prior knowledge. In EYFS, the children will start their learning from what they already know from their own life before starting school. In addition, lessons will give pupils the opportunity to understand their own and others' worldviews, religious and non-religious, and help them to understand their place in the world.

In each year group, the children will learn RE through the compulsory Christianity and other faiths units, and during the summer term there will be a thematic unit, which will draw learning across each year group together. This will also provide an assessment opportunity for children to express what they have learnt over the year.

Also, pupils will **learn from religion**, which includes expressing ideas and insights into questions of identity, diversity and belonging; meaning, purpose and truth; and values and commitments in weekly lessons in all year groups, including the foundation stage. Through these strands of learning, the pupils develop their **knowledge** and **understanding** of the Christian faith, Judaism, Islam, Hinduism and Buddhism along with non-denominational viewpoints such as Humanists. We provide opportunities for pupils to make their own **connections** between religions – linking their own understanding and experiences wherever possible. To inspire our learners, RE is taught in a variety of ways, including drama, art, dance, song, video clips and written work. Trips and visiting experts enhance the learning experience and our local church leader regularly visits and links their collective worship with our school values or RE units.



Impact

The choice of units throughout the year have been carefully chosen so that the children can be assessed within the thematic final unit of study. The Golden Threads are a key feature of the thematic units as they help to ensure that pupils' learning is multi-disciplinary, and contains an age-appropriate balance of **Theological**, **Sociological** and **Philosophica**l questions and approaches. The thematic units contain a balance of material to consolidate learning, with new learning that builds on this, and so create ideal opportunities to gather evidence of pupils' progress.

Each week, the children will have a **throw back** to the previous weeks learning to consolidate their understanding and to link to the following lessons.

The RE subject leaders at St Paul's will carry out observations, book looks as well as speak to pupils in order to assess the overall impact of the RE curriculum at St Paul's school. The aim is to **inspire**, **support** and **give opportunities** for pupils to become aware and **develop their own spirituality**, morals and understanding of different societies, cultures and beliefs. Our pupils will show **compassion** and **empathy** forf people near and far, whilst understanding their place in the world.

Curriculum Overview

	Autumn		Spring		Summer	
Reception	Who am I, and where do I	Why do we have	What makes our world	What makes something	What can we learn from	What makes a place
Understanding	belong?	celebrations?	wonderful?	special?	stories?	special?
the World	Harvest it's good to share.		Some people have	Different things	People can have	Some people
	 Every person is special 	To explore the idea of	places that are special to	are special to people for	favourite stories	have places that are
People and	and unique	'celebration'	them	different reasons	Through stories	special to them
communities	• Some people believe that	as an important concept,	There are special	How to look after	people share ideas and	There are
communicies	God made them this way	the	buildings where some	special things and respect	values about how to live	
	 How new babies are 	starting point being the	people go to think and	things that are special to	Some books are	special buildings where
	welcomed	celebrations that are a part	learn about God	others	special to religious groups	some people go to think
	 People belong 	of the		People can use	e.g. Bible (Christians) Torah	and learn about God
	together in different ways	lives of pupils in your class.		objects to help them		



		[]				nd (Aided) Primary School
	People have	This learning creates	Some people feel	remember special times	(Jews) Qur'an (Muslims)	Some people
	different ways of showing	significant	close to God anywhere or in	and places	and talk about God	feel close to God
	they 'belong' together	opportunities to help pupils	their own special places	Memories can be	Some stories are	anywhere or in their own
	(religious & non-religious)	to see	:	special	about special people e.g.	special places
	Special people in	the world through the eyes		Some objects are	Jesus, Prophet Muhammad	
	different religions (e.g.	of		'religious' objects and help	(pbuh*), Moses etc.	
	Jesus / Prophet Muhammad	others and to understand		people to think about God		
	(pbuh) / Moses)	that				
		celebrations can help us		Pancake Day		
		understand more about		Easter traditions Meals with		
		what		Jesus.		
		different people believe.		New life all around.		
		It is also the intention of				
		this unit to		EASTER PAUSE DAY		
		introduce pupils to the				
		celebration				
		of Christmas as an				
		important				
		Christian festival, and how,				
		for				
		Christians, the account of				
		Jesus'				
		birth is the focus of the				
		celebration,				
		as well as exploring the				
		celebrations that are				
		important				
		within your class context.				
Continuous		ears has a Reflection area. In th				
provision	plays and investigation tables	area such as crosses and candle	s. During topics such as christin	nas, Easter, Diwall, Eld and Chin	lese New Year there will also be	displays and interactive role-
Veer 1				CHRISTIANITY: What do		The properties I have the Market
Year 1	CHRISTIANITY: Why do	CHRISTIANITY: What is	JUDAISM: What is the		ISLAM: Who is Allah and	Thematic Unit: Why
	Christians call God	the 'Nativity' and why is it	Torah and why is it so	Christians learn from	how do Muslims worship	should we look after our
	'creator'?	important to Christians?	important to Jewish	stories of Jesus?	him?	world?
	 'Create' / 	 'Nativity' as the 	families?	 Stories about 	Muslims believe	 Link to ideas
	'creation' / 'creator'	birth of Jesus	 What makes a 	Jesus, baby $ ightarrow$ man	in One God, Allah	from prior learning about
	Biblical creation	Other important	book special?	Jesus human	• 99 beautiful	creation
	story	people in the Nativity	Torah is special	'like us' and divine, 'like	names express what Allah	 Caring about the
		, ,	as it contains God's words	God'	is like, including 'Al-	world from non-religious
			& rules for living (mitzvot)		Khaliq' (creator)	
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Inspiring Learning, Nurturing Wholeness

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	 God as 'creator' of the world & in other parts of the Bible Celebration of Harvest 	 Why did angels announce the birth of Jesus? Diversity of Nativity sets across the world Christmas as focus of worship of Jesus 	• How Jewish people show the Torah is special in how it's treated & where it lives	 Jesus as storyteller: 'parables' as teaching Christians as 'followers' of Jesus End with Easter story and symbols 	• Prayer is part of worship of Allah (ibadah)	 perspective – we all share our world Tu B'Shvat (Jewish tree-planting festival)
Year 2	CHRISTIANITY: What is God like for Christians? • Build on idea of God as creator • Images of God from the Bible: shepherd, parent, King; Jesus 'like God' • Ideas in art / story / song	CHRISTIANITY: Why is giving important to Christians? • Why / when do we give to others? • Christians as 'Church' give in different ways e.g. 'service', food bank • Commandments to 'love God & love others' • Giving at Christmas because God gave	JUDAISM: Why do Jewish families celebrate the gift of Shabbat? • Shabbat as a special gift of rest • Links with creation story • Friday night meal & symbols; Saturday night ceremony as start of new week	CHRISTIANITY: Why do Christians call Jesus 'Saviour'? • 'Saving' others; Jesus as 'Saviour' • Jesus changing lives e.g. Zacchaeus • Salvation in Easter story, symbols in Easter garden	ISLAM: What is important for Muslim families? • Muhammed (pbuh) is the most important Prophet (messenger) for Muslims • Muslims learn from his life & example • Qur'an contains the holy words of Allah	Thematic Unit: What makes a good leader? • Who are 'good' leaders? • Why did people follow Moses / Jesus / Muhammed? • Leaders who followed a faith / belief • What can we learn from leaders? • How can we be a good 'follower'?
Year 3	CHRISTIANITY: How did Jesus change lives – and how is it 'good news?' • Miracles & stories about Jesus through the eyes of Peter • 'Gospel' as 'good news' • Forgiveness & restoration	CHRISTIANITY: How can artists help us to understand what Christians believe? • How Christians show ideas about God through art • Intro to God as Father, Son & Holy Spirit • Art (incl. Christmas) from different cultures: Jesus 'like us' (incarnation)	JUDAISM: What are important times for Jews? • Importance of 'remembering' in Judaism • Key festivals: Passover, Yom Kippur & Sukkot, links to stories & practices • Bar/Bat Miztvah as commitment to keep mitzvot	CHRISTIANITY: What's the Bible's 'big story' and why is it like treasure for Christians? • The Bible tells the big story of God and his people – place stories & concepts • At the centre of it is Jesus • Why might the Bible be like 'treasure'? • Using creativity to express ideas/beliefs	 SIKHI: What do Sikh people value? Duties of Sikhs to pray, work and give Equality is important to Sikhs & is expressed in langar & Sikh community Gurus as teachers & leaders 	THEMATIC: How do people try to make the world a fairer place? • There are situations of social and economic unfairness in the world • Many religions and belief systems teach it is important to share and give to those who are in need • Focus on Mitzvah Day in Judaism as a way of

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						bringing about tzedek (justice) • How can we make a difference?
Year 4	CHRISTIANITY: What did God promise to his people? • Covenants and stories from OT • What impact do God's promises have on Christians, he things they promise and their subsequent actions?	CHRISTIANITY: What did Jesus say about God's kingdom & why is it 'good news'? • 'Kingdom' as God's rule on earth & in heaven • Jesus' teaching about God's Kingdom in the Sermon on the Mount & the Great Commandment • Christians living as citizens of God's Kingdom	 HUMANISM: How do non-religious people celebrate new life? Celebrating new life is important to religious & non-religious people We have one life to live & it's worth celebrating Key principles of Humanism through baby welcoming ceremonies 	CHRISTIANITY: For Christians, is communion a celebration, or an act of remembrance? • Communion as a sacrament to 'remember' • Passover & new covenant (& Easter) • Communion across the world • Cross as worldwide symbol	ISLAM: How does 'ibadah' (worship) show what's important to Muslims? • Prayer (salah) shows submission to Allah • Ummah as an equal community of believers • Qur'an as final revelation & guide for living	 THEMATIC: Why do people make promises? How people demonstrate commitment through making promises e.g. in marriage, at birth, rites of passage etc. Draw on material across religions & beliefs studied
Year 5	CHRISTIANITY: How did the Church begin, and where is it now? • Birth of the Church at Pentecost • God calls the Church to do God's work in the world and be 'good news' Baptism, worship & service are signs of membership	CHRISTIANITY: What do Christians believe about creation? • Link with Science curriculum: creation / evolution theories • Humanity has choices – 'free will' • All of creation is affected by 'the fall' • One day there will be a new creation	CHRISTIANITY: Why is the idea of 'rescue' so important to Christians? • God's 'Big Story' – the rescue plan • Stories of salvation across OT & NT • 'Salvation' in the Easter Story • creative expressions of salvation BIBLE EXPLORERS? Check with AA.	JUDAISM: What does it mean to be part of a synagogue community? • Centrality of Torah to worship (e.g. shema) • Commitment to justice / living according to mitzvot in the Torah • Synagogue: place of learning, worship & gathering	ISLAM: What helps Muslims to live a good life? • Five pillars as duties for living a good life • Fasting and celebrating contribute to a good life • Hadith & sunnah as guidance to follow	 THEMATIC: What does it mean to live a 'good life? Does collaborating make life better? What might the consequences of not living a good life be? Impact of good life on world, global / local community & self-identity
Year 6	Bible Explorer (a whistle stop study of the entire New Testament) with our guest teacher- Steve!	CHRISTIANITY: What do Christians believe about the Messiah?	HINDU: What helps Hindu's to worship? • 'Sanatan Dharma' as a way of life	CHRISTIANITY: For Christians, what difference does it make to	BUDDHISM: What is the 'Buddhist way of life'? • Story of Buddha's enlightenment	THEMATIC: Who am I and where do I belong? • How do communities gain a sense

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	• Jesus as	• Brahman present in all	belong to God's	• St. Pau Church of Englan Buddhists follow	l's Dorking nd (Aided) Primary School of personal identity
CHRISTIANITY: How is God Three – and yet One? • Holy Spirit is God at work in the world • Holy Spirit in relationship with Father & Son	fulfilment of OT prophecies – birth, death & resurrection • What Jesus said about himself • Links to 'I AM' statements in John's	 braining present in an energy of the second energy of the secon	Kingdom? • Command to 'act justly, love mercy, walk humbly' – what does this mean? • Lord's Prayer – on earth/ in heaven	 dhamma (teachings) to avoid bad karma & escape cycle of samsara Eightfold Path as the way to enlightenment esp. meditation 	 through the things they believe? What are the things that I believe – and where have my ideas come from? How might these
 Trinity in baptism of Jesus, creation & Christians' experience How does this compare with other religions? 	Gospel Link with story of Simeon in the temple		 Christians' beliefs about life after death (Easter?) 		ideas help me as I move into Y7?