## Varied Fluency <br> Step 2: Convert Metric Measures

## National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 6: (6M5) Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places
Mathematics Year 6: (6M9) Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate

## Differentiation:

Developing Questions to support converting metric measures of length, mass and capacity. Using multiples of 5 with up to 1 decimal place (0.5).
Expected Questions to support converting metric measures of length, mass and capacity. Using any number with up to 3 decimal places. Sometimes includes zero as a place holder.
Greater Depth Questions to support converting metric measures of length, mass and capacity. Using any number with up to 3 decimal places. Includes a number of zeros as place holders. Including fractions and percentages to convert measurements.

More Year 6 Converting Units resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to review it on our website.

classroomsecrets.co.uk

| 5 a. Complete the following statement. | 5 b . Complete the following statement. |
| :--- | :--- | 2.52 L is equal to ___ml.

3.04 kg is equal to g.

6a. Put these measurements in order from smallest to largest.


7a. Complete the missing operation and measurement to convert between g and kg.

539g

$\qquad$ kg

8a. Find and correct the errors in these conversions:
A. $1,510 \mathrm{~m}=151 \mathrm{~km}$
B. $1.65 \mathrm{~kg}=1,650 \mathrm{~g}$
C. $72 \mathrm{~cm}=7.2 \mathrm{~mm}$
D. $7,505 \mathrm{~mm}=7.505 \mathrm{~m}$

7b. Complete the missing operation and measurement to convert between $L$ and ml .
6b. Put these measurements in order from largest to smallest.

3.2L
$=$ $\qquad$

8b. Find and correct the errors in these conversions:
A. $320 \mathrm{~mm}=32 \mathrm{~cm}$
B. $1,018 \mathrm{~cm}=10.18 \mathrm{~m}$
C. $1.33 \mathrm{~kg}=$

133g
D. $\quad 2,055 \mathrm{~g} \quad=\quad 2.55 \mathrm{~kg}$

9a. Complete the following statement.
$26 \%$ of 1.239 kg is equal
to g.

10a. Put these measurements in order from smallest to largest.


11a. Complete the missing operation and measurement to convert between m and mm.


12a. Find and correct the errors in these conversions:
A. $563 \mathrm{~m}=0.563 \mathrm{~km}$
B. $23.56 \mathrm{~mm}=2,356 \mathrm{~cm}$
C. $548,000 \mathrm{~mm}=5,480 \mathrm{~m}$
D. $800.006 \mathrm{~cm}=8,000.06 \mathrm{~mm}$

9b. Complete the following statement.

## $38 \%$ of 675 cm is equal to m.

10b. Put these measurements in order from largest to smallest.


11b. Complete the missing operation and measurement to convert between $L$ and ml .
60.002L $\square$
$=$ $\qquad$

12b. Find and correct the errors in these conversions:

| A. | 3.546 L | $=$ | 354.6 ml |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B. | 2 ml | $=$ | 0.02 L |
| C. | 0.003 L | $=$ | 3 ml |
| D. | 598 ml | $=$ | 0.598 L |

## Varied Fluency

 Convert Metric Measures
## Varied Fluency

 Convert Metric Measures
## Developing

1a. $3,000 \mathrm{~g}$
2a. $1.5 \mathrm{~cm} ; 150 \mathrm{~mm} ; 100 \mathrm{~cm}, 1.5 \mathrm{~m}$
3a. $\times 1,000 ; 1,500$
4a. A. $150 \mathrm{~cm}=1.5 \mathrm{~m} ; \mathrm{D} .1 \mathrm{~L}=1,000 \mathrm{ml}$

## Expected

5a. $2,520 \mathrm{ml}$
6a. 1.454mm; 251cm; 1m; 1.5m; 1,605mm; 176 cm
7a. $\div 1,000 ; 0.539$
8a. A. $1,550 \mathrm{~m}=1.51 \mathrm{~km} ;$ C. $72 \mathrm{~cm}=720 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Greater Depth

9a. 322.14g
$10 \mathrm{a} .50 \%$ of $1.46 \mathrm{~mm}(0.73 \mathrm{~mm})$; 0.63 cm ; $0.008 \mathrm{~m} ; 81.08 \mathrm{~cm} ; \frac{1}{5}$ of $10.4 \mathrm{~m}(2.08 \mathrm{~m})$; $8,003 \mathrm{~mm}$
11a. x 1,000; 1,104
12a. B. $23.56 \mathrm{~mm}=2.356 \mathrm{~cm} ;$ C. $548,000 \mathrm{~mm}$ $=548 \mathrm{~m}$

## Developing

1b. 150 cm
2b. $9.5 \mathrm{~kg} ; 9,000 \mathrm{~g} ; 325 \mathrm{~g} ; 95 \mathrm{~g}$
3b. x 10; 105
4b. A. $500 \mathrm{~g}=0.5 \mathrm{~kg} ;$ B. $2,200 \mathrm{ml}=2.2 \mathrm{~L}$

## Expected

5b. $3,040 \mathrm{~g}$
6b. $1.27 \mathrm{~kg} ; 1,002 \mathrm{~g} ; 1 \mathrm{~kg} ; 500 \mathrm{~g} ; 0.25 \mathrm{~kg}$; 125 g
7b. x 1,000; 3,200
8b. C. $1.33 \mathrm{~kg}=1,330 \mathrm{~g} ;$ D. $2,055 \mathrm{~g}=$ 2.055 kg

## Greater Depth

9b. 2.565 m
10b. 0.203L; $\frac{1}{4}$ of 0.18L (0.045L); 0.024L;
$0.001 \mathrm{~L} ; 0.206 \mathrm{ml} ; 10 \%$ of 0.56 ml ( 0.056 ml )
11b. x 1,000; 60,002
12b. A. $3.546 \mathrm{~L}=3,546 \mathrm{ml} ; \mathrm{B} .2 \mathrm{ml}=0.002 \mathrm{~L}$

