Year 6 Maths
Wednesday $17^{\text {th }}$ June

## Starter

Find the value of the whole.
A.

B.

C.


## Starter

Find the value of the whole.
A.

| 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |48

B. $\quad$| 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

C.

| 9 | 9 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |27

## Starter

## How many of each unit fraction are neede। to make a whole?



## Starter

How many of each unit fraction are needed to make a whole?


## Starter

Match each calculation to the correct answer.

$$
\begin{array}{|}
\frac{3}{5} \text { of } 250 \\
\frac{3}{8} \text { of } 440 \\
\frac{4}{7} \text { of } 637 \\
\frac{2}{9} \text { of } 459 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$$
165
$$

## Starter

Match each calculation to the correct answer.


## Lesson Aims

- I can solve percentages of amounts. .

Success Criteria:

- I understand percentage means out of 100.
- I understand $100 \%$ is one whole.
- I can relate fractions to percentages.


## Main Teaching

Today we are exploring finding percentages of amounts. This is similar to finding a fraction of an amount. Why?

## Main Teaching

Today we are exploring finding percentages of amounts. This is similar to finding a fraction of an amount. Why?

Fractions and percentages belong in the same family. They are both about finding part of a whole. Both finding a fraction of an amount and a percentage of an amount involves division.

## Main Teaching

Finding 10\%

To find $10 \%$ you just divide the amount by 10 .
This is because 10 lots of 10 make $100 \%$

Example:
$10 \%$ of 80
$80 \div 10=8$

## Main Teaching

Finding 20\%

How do you think you would find $20 \%$ ?

## Main Teaching

Finding 20\%

How do you think you would find $20 \%$ ?

To find $20 \%$ first find $10 \%$ and then multiply by 2.

This is because $20 \%$ is 2 lots of $10 \%$

## Main Teaching

Finding 20\%

Example : 20\% of 40
$40 \div 10=4$
$4 \times 2=8$
$20 \%$ of 40 is 8.

## Main Teaching

Use the same method to find $30 \%, 40 \%$ etc.

Find 10\% first.
$20 \%$ means x 2 (2 lots of 10\%)
$30 \%$ means $\times 3$ (3 lots of $10 \%$ )
$40 \%$ means x 4 (4 lots of $10 \%$ )

## Main Teaching

| $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |

The whole ( $100 \%$ ) is 70
$10 \%$ of $70=7$
$20 \%$ of $70=14$
$30 \%$ of $70=21$

## Main Teaching

Finding 5\%

To find $10 \%$ we divide the total by 10 .

How do you think you could find $5 \%$ ?

## Main Teaching

Finding 5\%

To find $10 \%$ we divide the total by 10 .

How do you think you could find $5 \%$ ?

You could find 10\% and then halve the answer.

## Main Teaching

Finding 50\%

How do you think we could find $50 \%$ of an amount?

## Main Teaching

Finding 50\%

How do you think we could find $50 \%$ of an amount?

You could halve the total.

The total is $100 \%$ so $50 \%$ is half the amount.

## Main Teaching

Finding 1\%

How do you think we could find $1 \%$ of an amount?

## Main Teaching

Finding 1\%

How do you think we could find $1 \%$ of an amount?

Divide the total by 100.
$1 \%$ of 800
$800 \div 100=8$
$1 \%$ of 800 is 8

## Main Teaching Summary

## To find...

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $10 \%$ | Divide by 10 |
| $1 \%$ | Divide by 100 |
| $50 \%$ | Divide by 2 |
| $20 \%$ | Find $10 \%$ and then $x 2$ |
| $30 \%$ | Find $10 \%$ and then $x 3$ |
| $40 \%$ | Find $10 \%$ and then $x 4$ |
| $25 \%$ | Divide by 4 |

## Activity

Now complete the percentage of amounts fluency work on the next slide. Choose from one of the three sections.

## PERCENTAGES OF AMOUNTS

Mild

1) $10 \%$ of $£ 80=$
2) $10 \%$ of $£ 130=$
3) $10 \%$ of $£ 459=$
4) $10 \%$ of $£ 36=$
5) $20 \%$ of $£ 60=$
6) $20 \%$ of $£ 140=$
7) $20 \%$ of $£ 62=$
8) $30 \%$ of $£ 70=$
9) $30 \%$ of $£ 180=$
10) $30 \%$ of $£ 120=$
11) $40 \%$ of $£ 80=$
12) $40 \%$ of $£ 240=$

Medium

1) $50 \%$ of $£ 160=$
2) $50 \%$ of $£ 380=$
3) $50 \%$ of $£ 131=$
4) $60 \%$ of $£ 90=$
5) $60 \%$ of $£ 110=$
6) $70 \%$ of $£ 30=$
7) $70 \%$ of $£ 410=$
8) $80 \%$ of $£ 40=$
9) $80 \%$ of $£ 120=$
10) $90 \%$ of $£ 120=$
11) $90 \%$ of $£ 800=$
12) $5 \%$ of $£ 360=$

Spicy

1) $15 \%$ of $£ 180=$
2) $15 \%$ of $£ 400=$
3) $25 \%$ of $£ 180=$
4) $25 \%$ of $£ 420=$
5) $35 \%$ of $£ 60=$
6) $35 \%$ of $£ 80=$
7) $45 \%$ of $£ 90=$
8) $65 \%$ of $£ 40=$
9) $75 \%$ of $£ 60=$
10) $95 \%$ of $£ 10=$

## PERCENTAGES OF AMOUNTS

1) $10 \%$ ~ $£ 80=£ 8$
2) $10 \%$ of $£ 130=£ 13$
3) $10 \%$ of $£ 459=£ 45.90$
4) $10 \%$ of $£ 36=£ 3.60$
5) $20 \%$ of $£ 60=£ 12$
6) $20 \%$ of $£ 140=£ 28$
7) $20 \%$ of $£ 62=£ 12.40$
8) $30 \%$ of $£ 70=£ 21$
9) $30 \%$ of $£ 180=£ 54$
10) $30 \%$ of $£ 120=£ 36$
11) $40 \%$ of $£ 80=£ 32$
12) $40 \%$ of $£ 240=£ 96$
13) $50 \%$ of $£ 160=£ 80$
14) $50 \%$ of $£ 380=£ 190$
15) $50 \%$ of $£ 131=£ 65.50$
16) $60 \%$ of $£ 90=£ 54$
17) $60 \%$ of $£ 110=£ 66$
18) $70 \%$ of $£ 30=£ 21$
19) $70 \%$ of $£ 410=£ 287$
20) $80 \%$ of $£ 40=£ 32$
21) $80 \%$ of $£ 120=£ 96$
22) $90 \%$ of $£ 120=£ 108$
23) $90 \%$ of $£ 800=£ 720$
24) $5 \%$ of $£ 360=£ 18$
25) $15 \%$ of $£ 180=£ 27$
26) $15 \%$ of $£ 400=£ 60$
27) $25 \%$ of $£ 180=£ 45$
28) $25 \%$ of $£ 420=£ 105$
29) $35 \%$ of $£ 60=£ 21$
30) $35 \%$ of $£ 80=£ 28$
31) $45 \%$ of $£ 90=£ 40.50$
32) $65 \%$ of $£ 40=£ 26$
33) $75 \%$ of $£ 60=£ 45$
34) $95 \%$ of $£ 10=£ 9.50$

## Varied Fluency

Use <, > or = to complete the comparison statement.
A. $45 \%$ of $£ 60 \square 80 \%$ of $£ 30$
B. $15 \%$ of $£ 180 \square 25 \%$ of $£ 140$

## Varied Fluency

Use <, > or = to complete the comparison statement.


## Varied Fluency

Which card shows the highest amount? Which shows the lowest?


## Varied Fluency

Which card shows the highest amount? Which shows the lowest?


## Varied Fluency Activity

- Complete the varied fluency activity sheet.
- Choose from one of the three levels.


## Review

- Can you review your learning?
- Can you explain to others how to find a percentage of an amount?


